



LG-Nortel ELO GS8MP (LNGS8MP)

Gigabit Ethernet Switch Installation Guide



Installation Guide

Web-Smart PoE Switch

*Layer 2 Workgroup Switch
with 7 10/100/1000BASE-T (RJ-45) Ports
and 1 Gigabit Combination (RJ-45/SFP) Port*

LNGS8MP
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This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

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You may use unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) for RJ-45 connections - Category 3 or better for 10 Mbps connections, Category 5 or better for 100 Mbps connections, Category 5, 5e, or 6 for 1000 Mbps connections. For fiber optic connections, you may use 50/125 or 62.5/125 micron multimode fiber or 9/125 micron single-mode fiber.

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This information technology equipment complies with the requirements of the Council Directive 89/336/EEC on the Approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility and 73/23/EEC for electrical equipment used within certain voltage limits and the Amendment Directive 93/68/EEC. For the evaluation of the compliance with these Directives, the following standards were applied:

RFI Emission:	Limit class A according to EN 55022:1998 Limit class A for harmonic current emission according to EN 61000-3-2/1995 Limitation of voltage fluctuation and flicker in low-voltage supply system according to EN 61000-3-3/1995
Immunity:	Product family standard according to EN 55024:1998 Electrostatic Discharge according to EN 61000-4-2:1995 (Contact Discharge: ± 4 kV, Air Discharge: ± 8 kV) Radio-frequency electromagnetic field according to EN 61000-4-3:1996 (80 - 1000 MHz with 1 kHz AM 80% Modulation: 3 V/m) Electrical fast transient/burst according to EN 61000-4-4:1995 (AC/DC power supply: ± 1 kV, Data/Signal lines: ± 0.5 kV) Surge immunity test according to EN 61000-4-5:1995 (AC/DC Line to Line: ± 1 kV, AC/DC Line to Earth: ± 2 kV) Immunity to conducted disturbances, Induced by radio-frequency fields: EN 61000-4-6:1996 (0.15 - 80 MHz with 1 kHz AM 80% Modulation: 3 V/m) Power frequency magnetic field immunity test according to EN 61000-4-8:1993 (1 A/m at frequency 50 Hz) Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity test according to EN 61000-4-11:1994 (>95% Reduction @10 ms, 30% Reduction @500 ms, >95% Reduction @5000 ms)
LVD:	EN 60950-1:2001

Caution: Do not plug a phone jack connector in the RJ-45 port. This may damage this device.

Attention: Les raccordeurs ne sont pas utilisés pour le système téléphonique!

Safety Compliance

Warning: Fiber Optic Port Safety



When using a fiber optic port, never look at the transmit laser while it is powered on. Also, never look directly at the fiber TX port and fiber cable ends when they are powered on.

Avertissement: Ports pour fibres optiques - sécurité sur le plan optique



Ne regardez jamais le laser tant qu'il est sous tension. Ne regardez jamais directement le port TX (Transmission) à fibres optiques et les embouts de câbles à fibres optiques tant qu'ils sont sous tension.

Warnhinweis: Faseroptikanschlüsse - Optische Sicherheit



Niemals ein Übertragungslaser betrachten, während dieses eingeschaltet ist. Niemals direkt auf den Faser-TX-Anschluß und auf die Faserkabelenden schauen, während diese eingeschaltet sind.

Power Cord Safety

Please read the following safety information carefully before installing this switch:

Warning: Installation and removal of the unit must be carried out by qualified personnel only.

- The unit must be connected to an earthed (grounded) outlet to comply with international safety standards.
- Do not connect the unit to an A.C. outlet (power supply) without an earth (ground) connection.
- The appliance coupler (the connector to the unit and not the wall plug) must have a configuration for mating with an EN 60320/IEC 320 appliance inlet.
- The socket outlet must be near to the unit and easily accessible. You can only remove power from the unit by disconnecting the power cord from the outlet.
- This unit operates under SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) conditions according to IEC 60950. The conditions are only maintained if the equipment to which it is connected also operates under SELV conditions.

France and Peru only

This unit cannot be powered from IT[†] supplies. If your supplies are of IT type, this unit must be powered by 230 V (2P+T) via an isolation transformer ratio 1:1, with the secondary connection point labelled Neutral, connected directly to earth (ground).

† Impédance à la terre

Warning: The user should disconnect all Telecommunications Network connectors and all Cable Distribution System connectors before disconnecting the power.

Important! Before making connections, make sure you have the correct cord set. Check it (read the label on the cable) against the following:

Power Cord Set	
U.S.A. and Canada	The cord set must be UL-approved and CSA certified.
	The minimum specifications for the flexible cord are: - No. 18 AWG - not longer than 2 meters, or 16 AWG. - Type SV or SJ - 3-conductor
	The cord set must have a rated current capacity of at least 10 A
	The attachment plug must be an earth-grounding type with NEMA 5-15P (15 A, 125 V) or NEMA 6-15P (15 A, 250 V) configuration.
Denmark	The supply plug must comply with Section 107-2-D1, Standard DK2-1a or DK2-5a.
Switzerland	The supply plug must comply with SEV/ASE 1011.
U.K.	The supply plug must comply with BS1363 (3-pin 13 A) and be fitted with a 5 A fuse which complies with BS1362.
	The mains cord must be <HAR> or <BASEC> marked and be of type HO3VVH3GO.75 (minimum).
Europe	The supply plug must comply with CEE7/7 ("SCHUKO").
	The mains cord must be <HAR> or <BASEC> marked and be of type HO3VVH3GO.75 (minimum).
	IEC-320 receptacle.

Veillez lire à fond l'information de la sécurité suivante avant d'installer le Switch:

AVERTISSEMENT: L'installation et la dépose de ce groupe doivent être confiés à un personnel qualifié.

- Ne branchez pas votre appareil sur une prise secteur (alimentation électrique) lorsqu'il n'y a pas de connexion de mise à la terre (mise à la masse).
- Vous devez raccorder ce groupe à une sortie mise à la terre (mise à la masse) afin de respecter les normes internationales de sécurité.
- Le coupleur d'appareil (le connecteur du groupe et non pas la prise murale) doit respecter une configuration qui permet un branchement sur une entrée d'appareil EN 60320/IEC 320.
- La prise secteur doit se trouver à proximité de l'appareil et son accès doit être facile. Vous ne pouvez mettre l'appareil hors circuit qu'en débranchant son cordon électrique au niveau de cette prise.
- L'appareil fonctionne à une tension extrêmement basse de sécurité qui est conforme à la norme IEC 60950. Ces conditions ne sont maintenues que si l'équipement auquel il est raccordé fonctionne dans les mêmes conditions.

France et Pérou uniquement:

Ce groupe ne peut pas être alimenté par un dispositif à impédance à la terre. Si vos alimentations sont du type impédance à la terre, ce groupe doit être alimenté par une tension de 230 V (2 P+T) par le biais d'un transformateur d'isolement à rapport 1:1, avec un point secondaire de connexion portant l'appellation Neutre et avec raccordement direct à la terre (masse).

Cordon électrique - Il doit être agréé dans le pays d'utilisation	
Etats-Unis et Canada:	Le cordon doit avoir reçu l'homologation des UL et un certificat de la CSA.
	Les spécifications minimales pour un câble flexible sont AWG No. 18, ou AWG No. 16 pour un câble de longueur inférieure à 2 mètres. - type SV ou SJ - 3 conducteurs
	Le cordon doit être en mesure d'acheminer un courant nominal d'au moins 10 A.
	La prise femelle de branchement doit être du type à mise à la terre (mise à la masse) et respecter la configuration NEMA 5-15P (15 A, 125 V) ou NEMA 6-15P (15 A, 250 V).
Danemark:	La prise mâle d'alimentation doit respecter la section 107-2 D1 de la norme DK2 1a ou DK2 5a.
Suisse:	La prise mâle d'alimentation doit respecter la norme SEV/ASE 1011.
Europe	La prise secteur doit être conforme aux normes CEE 7/7 ("SCHUKO") LE cordon secteur doit porter la mention <HAR> ou <BASEC> et doit être de type HO3VVF3GO.75 (minimum).

Bitte unbedingt vor dem Einbauen des Switches die folgenden Sicherheitsanweisungen durchlesen:

WARNUNG: Die Installation und der Ausbau des Geräts darf nur durch Fachpersonal erfolgen.

- Das Gerät sollte nicht an eine ungeerdete Wechselstromsteckdose angeschlossen werden.
- Das Gerät muß an eine geerdete Steckdose angeschlossen werden, welche die internationalen Sicherheitsnormen erfüllt.
- Der Gerätestecker (der Anschluß an das Gerät, nicht der Wandsteckdosenstecker) muß einen gemäß EN 60320/IEC 320 konfigurierten Geräteeingang haben.
- Die Netzsteckdose muß in der Nähe des Geräts und leicht zugänglich sein. Die Stromversorgung des Geräts kann nur durch Herausziehen des Gerätenetzkabels aus der Netzsteckdose unterbrochen werden.
- Der Betrieb dieses Geräts erfolgt unter den SELV-Bedingungen (Sicherheitskleinstspannung) gemäß IEC 60950. Diese Bedingungen sind nur gegeben, wenn auch die an das Gerät angeschlossenen Geräte unter SELV-Bedingungen betrieben werden.

Stromkabel. Dies muss von dem Land, in dem es benutzt wird geprüft werden:	
Schweiz	Dieser Stromstecker muß die SEV/ASE 1011Bestimmungen einhalten.
Europe	Das Netzkabel muß vom Typ HO3VVF3GO.75 (Mindestanforderung) sein und die Aufschrift <HAR> oder <BASEC> tragen. Der Netzstecker muß die Norm CEE 7/7 erfüllen ("SCHUKO").

Warnings and Cautionary Messages

- Warning:** This product does not contain any serviceable user parts.
- Warning:** Installation and removal of the unit must be carried out by qualified personnel only.
- Warning:** When connecting this device to a power outlet, connect the field ground lead on the tri-pole power plug to a valid earth ground line to prevent electrical hazards.
- Warning:** This switch uses lasers to transmit signals over fiber optic cable. The lasers are compliant with the requirements of a Class 1 Laser Product and are inherently eye safe in normal operation. However, you should never look directly at a transmit port when it is powered on.
- Caution:** Wear an anti-static wrist strap or take other suitable measures to prevent electrostatic discharge when handling this equipment.
- Caution:** Do not plug a phone jack connector in the RJ-45 port. This may damage this device. Les raccordeurs ne sont pas utilisé pour le système téléphonique!
- Caution:** Use only twisted-pair cables with RJ-45 connectors that conform to FCC standards.

Warnings (in German)

- Achtung:** Dieses Produkt enthält keine Teile, die eine Wartung vom Benutzer benötigen.
- Achtung:** Installation und Deinstallation des Gerätes müssen von qualifiziertem Servicepersonal durchgeführt werden.
- Achtung:** Wenn das Gerät an eine Steckdose angeschlossen wird, muß der Masseanschluß am dreipoligen Netzstecker mit Schutzerde verbunden werden, um elektrische Gefahren zu vermeiden.
- Achtung:** Dieses Gerät nutzt Laser zur Signalübertragung über Glasfasern. Die Laser entsprechen den Anforderungen an eine Lasereinrichtung der Klasse 1 und sind durch ihre Bauart im normalen Betrieb sicher für die Augen. Trotzdem sollte niemals direkt in den einen Übertragungskanal geblickt werden, wenn er eingeschaltet ist.

Environmental Statement

The manufacturer of this product endeavours to sustain an environmentally-friendly policy throughout the entire production process. This is achieved through the following means:

- Adherence to national legislation and regulations on environmental production standards.
- Conservation of operational resources.
- Waste reduction and safe disposal of all harmful un-recyclable by-products.
- Recycling of all reusable waste content.
- Design of products to maximize recyclables at the end of the product's life span.
- Continual monitoring of safety standards.

End of Product Life Span

This product is manufactured in such a way as to allow for the recovery and disposal of all included electrical components once the product has reached the end of its life.

Manufacturing Materials

There are no hazardous nor ozone-depleting materials in this product.

Documentation

All printed documentation for this product uses biodegradable paper that originates from sustained and managed forests. The inks used in the printing process are non-toxic.

Purpose

This guide details the hardware features of this switch, including its physical and performance-related characteristics, and how to install the switch.

Audience

This guide is for system administrators with a working knowledge of network management. You should be familiar with switching and networking concepts.

Zielgruppe Dieser Anleitung ist fuer Systemadministratoren mit Erfahrung im Netzwerkmanagement. Sie sollten mit Switch- und Netzwerkkonzepten vertraut sein.

Related Publications

The following publication gives specific information on how to operate and use the management functions of this switch:

The *LNGS8MP Management Guide*

Also, as part of both switches firmware, there is an online web-based help that describes all management related features.

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Chapter 1: Introduction

Overview

The LNS8MP is an intelligent Layer 2 switch with eight 10/100/1000BASE-T ports, one of which is a Gigabit combination port* that is shared with an SFP transceiver slot.

The switch's eight 10/100/1000 Mbps ports support the IEEE 802.3af Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) standard that enables DC power to be supplied to attached devices over the data wire pairs in the connecting Ethernet cable.

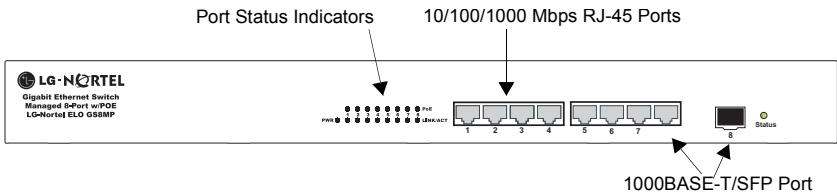


Figure 1-1 Front Panel

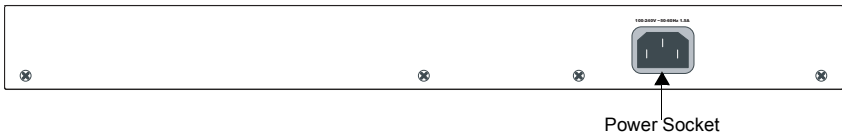


Figure 1-2 Rear Panel

* If an SFP transceiver is plugged in, the corresponding RJ-45 port is disabled.

Switch Architecture

The switch employs a wire-speed, non-blocking switching fabric. This permits simultaneous wire-speed transport of multiple packets at low latency on all ports. The switch also features full-duplex capability on all ports, which effectively doubles the bandwidth of each connection.

The switch uses store-and-forward switching to ensure maximum data integrity. With store-and-forward switching, the entire packet must be received into a buffer and checked for validity before being forwarded. This prevents errors from being propagated throughout the network.

Power-over-Ethernet Capability

The switch's eight 10/100/1000 Mbps ports support the IEEE 802.3af Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) standard that enables DC power to be supplied to attached devices using wires in the connecting Ethernet cable. Any 802.3af compliant device attached to a port can directly draw power from the switch over the Ethernet cable without requiring its own separate power source. This capability gives network administrators centralized power control for devices such as IP phones and wireless access points, which translates into greater network availability.

For each attached 802.3af-compliant device, the switch automatically senses the load and dynamically supplies the required power. Independent overload and short-circuit protection for each port allows the switch to automatically shut down a port's power when limits are exceeded.

Port 1 on the switch can provide up to 25 W of power to an attached device at the standard 48 DC voltage. Ports 2-8 can provide up to 15.4 W of power.

Network Management Options

The switch contains a comprehensive array of LEDs for "at-a-glance" monitoring of network and port status. They also include a management agent that allows you to configure or monitor the switch using its embedded management software.

For a detailed description of switch's advanced features, refer to the *Management Guide*.

Description of Hardware

10/100/1000BASE-T Ports

The switch contains eight RJ-45 ports that operate at 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps, half or full duplex, or at 1000 Mbps, full duplex. Because all ports on the switch support automatic MDI/MDI-X operation, you can use straight-through cables for all network connections to PCs or servers, or to other switches or hubs. (See “1000BASE-T Pin Assignments” on page B-3.)

Each of these ports support auto-negotiation, so the optimum transmission mode (half or full duplex), and data rate (10, 100, or 1000 Mbps) can be selected automatically. If a device connected to one of these ports does not support auto-negotiation, the communication mode of that port can be configured manually.

SFP Slot

The Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceiver slot is shared with RJ-45 Port 8. If an SFP transceiver (purchased separately) is installed in the slot and has a valid link on its port, the associated RJ-45 port is disabled and cannot be used.

Port and Power Status LEDs

The switch includes a display panel for key system and port indications that simplify installation and network troubleshooting. The LEDs, which are located on the front panel for easy viewing, are shown below and described in the following tables.

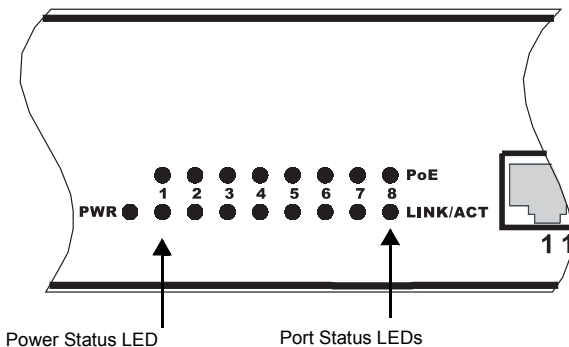


Figure 1-3 Port and Power LEDs

Table 1-1 Port Status LEDs

LED	Condition	Status
Fast Ethernet Ports (Ports 1-8)		
Link/Act (Link/Activity)	On/Flashing Green	Port has a valid 1000Mbps link. Flashing indicates network activity
	On/Flashing Amber	Port has a valid 10/100Mbps link. Flashing indicates network activity
	Off	No link.
PoE	On Amber	A PoE device is connected.
	Off	No PoE device connected.
(SFP) Status	On Green	SFP transceiver installed correctly.
	Off	No SFP present.

Table 1-2 Power Status LED

LED	Condition	Status
Power	Green	Internal power is operating normally.
	Off	Power off.

Power Supply Socket

The power socket is located on the rear panel of the switch. The standard power socket is for the AC power cord.

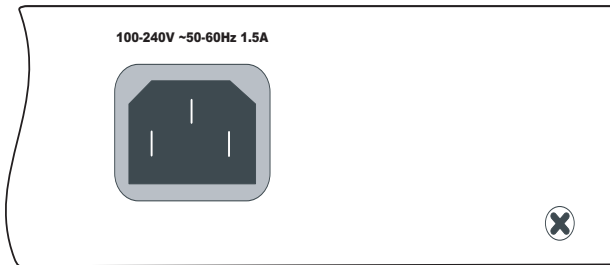


Figure 1-4 Power Supply Socket

Features and Benefits

Connectivity

- 8 10/100/1000 Mbps ports for easy Gigabit Ethernet integration and for protection of your investment in legacy LAN equipment.
- All RJ-45 ports support IEEE 802.3af standard Power-over-Ethernet
- Auto-negotiation enables each RJ-45 port to automatically select the optimum communication mode (half or full duplex) if this feature is supported by the attached device; otherwise the port can be configured manually.
- RJ-45 ports support auto MDI/MDI-X pinout selection.
- Unshielded (UTP) cable supported on all RJ-45 ports: Category 3 or better for 10 Mbps connections, Category 5 or better for 100 Mbps connections, and Category 5, 5e, 6 or better for 1000 Mbps connections.
- IEEE 802.3-2005 Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, and Gigabit Ethernet.

Expandability

- One Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceiver slot (shared with Port 8)
- Supports 1000BASE-SX, 1000BASE-LX and 1000BASE-LH SFP transceivers.

Performance

- Transparent bridging.
- Provides store-and-forward switching
- Jumbo-Frame up to 9.6 Kbytes
- Supports flow control
- Broadcast storm control

Management

- “At-a-glance” LEDs for easy troubleshooting.
- Network management agent
 - Manages switch in-band
 - Supports web-based interface

Chapter 2: Network Planning

Introduction to Switching

A network switch allows simultaneous transmission of multiple packets via non-crossbar switching. This means that it can partition a network more efficiently than bridges or routers. The switch has, therefore, been recognized as one of the most important building blocks for today's networking technology.

When performance bottlenecks are caused by congestion at the network access point (such as the network card for a high-volume file server), the device experiencing congestion (server, power user or hub) can be attached directly to a switched port. And, by using full-duplex mode, the bandwidth of the dedicated segment can be doubled to maximize throughput.

When networks are based on repeater (hub) technology, the distance between end stations is limited by a maximum hop count. However, a switch turns the hop count back to zero. So subdividing the network into smaller and more manageable segments, and linking them to the larger network by means of a switch, removes this limitation.

A switch can be easily configured in any Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, or Gigabit Ethernet, network to significantly boost bandwidth while using conventional cabling and network cards.

Application Examples

The switch is not only designed to segment your network, but also to provide a wide range of options in setting up network connections. Some typical applications are described below.

Supplying PoE

The switch is an excellent choice for supplying power to connected PoE devices such as web cameras, IP telephones or access points. You can easily connect a PoE device to a switch port and allow power to be supplied over the connecting cable. Each of the eight ports on the switch can provide power to a connected device.

In the figure below, the switch is supplying power to three PoE devices. It is also providing dedicated 100 Mbps full-duplex data connections to the devices. In addition, other non-PoE devices can be connected to the switch.

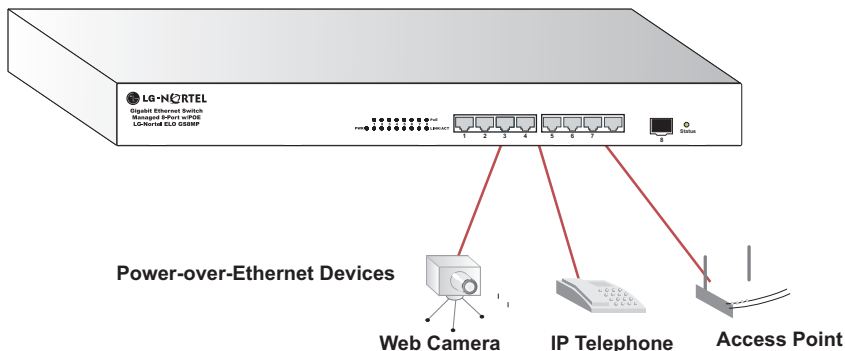


Figure 2-1 PoE Connections

Collapsed Backbone

The switch is an excellent choice for mixed Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, and Gigabit Ethernet installations where significant growth is expected in the near future. In a basic stand-alone configuration, it can provide direct full-duplex connections for up to eight workstations or servers. You can easily build on this basic configuration, adding direct full-duplex connections to workstations or servers. When the time comes for further expansion, just connect to another hub or switch using one of the Gigabit Ethernet ports built into the front panel, a Gigabit Ethernet port on a plug-in SFP transceiver.

In the figure below, the 8-port switch is operating as a collapsed backbone for a small LAN. It is providing dedicated 10 Mbps full-duplex connections to workstations, 100 Mbps full-duplex connections to power users, and 1 Gbps full-duplex connections to servers. In addition, connected IP phones and wireless

access points are receiving PoE power from the switch.

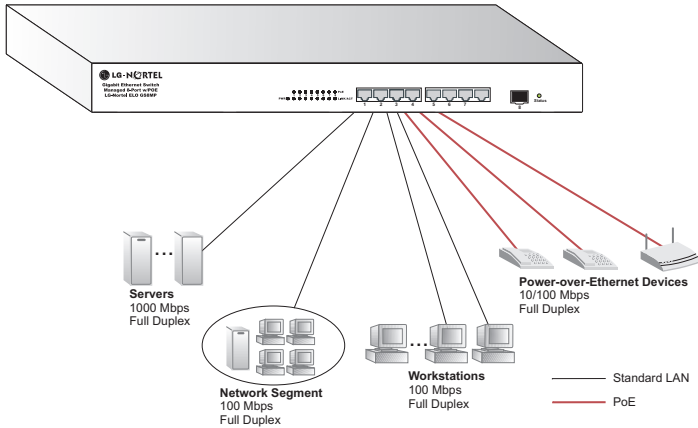


Figure 2-2 Collapsed Backbone

Meeting Room

With eight 1000 Mbps parallel bridging ports (i.e., eight distinct collision domains), this switch can function as an efficient bridged node that is ideal for a meeting room environment. Zero noise makes the switch inobtrusive for such a setting.

In the figure below, the LNSG8MP is connected to a central wiring closet via a 1000BASE-SX connection. The 1000BASE-T RJ-45 ports on the switch are providing 10/100 Mbps full-duplex connections for PCs and notebooks, as well as providing power and connectivity for PoE devices, such as IP telephones and web cameras.

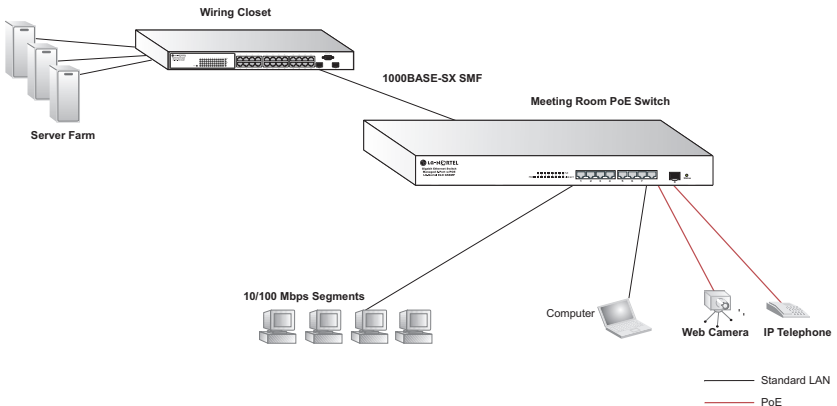


Figure 2-3 Meeting Room

Making VLAN Connections

The switch supports VLANs that can be used to organize any group of network nodes into separate broadcast domains. VLANs confine broadcast traffic to the originating group, and can eliminate broadcast storms in large networks. This provides a more secure and cleaner network environment.

VLANs can be based on untagged port groups, or traffic can be explicitly tagged to identify the VLAN group to which it belongs. Untagged VLANs can be used for small networks attached to a single switch. However, tagged VLANs should be used for larger networks, and all the VLANs assigned to the inter-switch links.

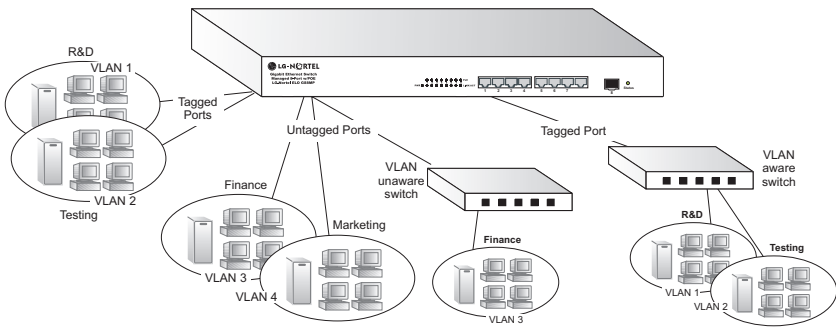


Figure 2-4 Making VLAN Connections

Note: When connecting to a switch that does not support IEEE 802.1Q VLAN tags, use untagged ports.

Application Notes

1. Full-duplex operation only applies to point-to-point access (such as when a switch is attached to a workstation, server or another switch). When the switch is connected to a hub, both devices must operate in half-duplex mode.
2. For network applications that require routing between dissimilar network types, you can attach the switch directly to a multi-protocol router.
3. As a general rule, the length of fiber optic cable for a single switched link should not exceed:
 - 1000BASE-SX: 550 m (1805 ft) for multimode fiber
 - 1000BASE-LX: 5 km (3.1 miles) for single-mode fiber
 - 1000BASE-LH: 70 km (43 miles) for single-mode fiber

However, power budget constraints must also be considered when calculating the maximum cable length for your specific environment.

Chapter 3: Installing the Switch

Selecting a Site

switch units can be mounted in a standard 19-inch equipment rack or on a flat surface. Be sure to follow the guidelines below when choosing a location.

- The site should:
 - be at the center of all the devices you want to link and near a power outlet.
 - be able to maintain its temperature within 0 to 45 °C (32 to 113 °F) and its humidity within 10% to 90%, non-condensing
 - provide adequate space (approximately five centimeters or two inches) on all sides for proper air flow
 - be accessible for installing, cabling and maintaining the devices
 - allow the status LEDs to be clearly visible
- Make sure twisted-pair cable is always routed away from power lines, fluorescent lighting fixtures and other sources of electrical interference, such as radios and transmitters.
- Make sure that the unit is connected to a separate grounded power outlet that provides 100 to 240 VAC, 50 to 60 Hz, is within 2 m (6.6 feet) of each device and is powered from an independent circuit breaker. As with any equipment, using a filter or surge suppressor is recommended.

Ethernet Cabling

To ensure proper operation when installing the switches into a network, make sure that the current cables are suitable for 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 1000BASE-T operation. Check the following criteria against the current installation of your network:

- Cable type: Unshielded twisted pair (UTP) or shielded twisted pair (STP) cables with RJ-45 connectors; Category 3 or better for 10BASE-T, Category 5 or better for 100BASE-TX, and Category 5, 5e or 6 for 1000BASE-T.
- Protection from radio frequency interference emissions
- Electrical surge suppression
- Separation of electrical wires (switch related or other) and electromagnetic fields from data based network wiring
- Safe connections with no damaged cables, connectors or shields

3 Installing the Switch

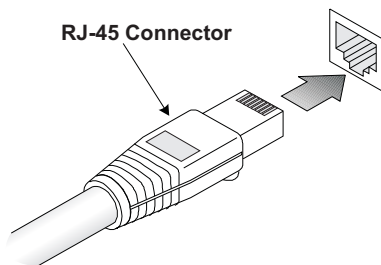


Figure 3-1 RJ-45 Connections

Equipment Checklist

After unpacking the switch unit, check the contents to be sure you have received all the components. Then, before beginning the installation, be sure you have all other necessary installation equipment.

Package Contents

- LNGS8MP switch
- Four adhesive foot pads
- Bracket Mounting Kit containing two brackets and eight screws for attaching the brackets to the switch
- Power cord—either US, Continental Europe or UK
- This Installation Guide
- Management Guide CD

Optional Rack-Mounting Equipment

If you plan to rack-mount the switches, be sure to have the following equipment available:

- Four mounting screws for each device you plan to install in a rack—these are not included
- A screwdriver (Phillips or flathead, depending on the type of screws used)

Mounting

A switch unit can be mounted in a standard 19-inch equipment rack or on a desktop or shelf. Mounting instructions for each type of site follow.

Rack Mounting

Before rack mounting the switch, pay particular attention to the following factors:

- **Temperature:** Since the temperature within a rack assembly may be higher than the ambient room temperature, check that the rack-environment temperature is within the specified operating temperature range (See page C-1.).
- **Mechanical Loading:** Do not place any equipment on top of a rack-mounted unit.
- **Circuit Overloading:** Be sure that the supply circuit to the rack assembly is not overloaded.
- **Grounding:** Rack-mounted equipment should be properly grounded. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the mains.

To rack-mount devices:

1. Attach the brackets to the device using the screws provided in the Bracket Mounting Kit.

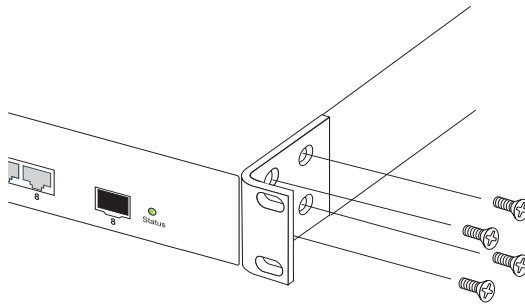


Figure 3-2 Attaching the Brackets

3 Installing the Switch

2. Mount the device in the rack, using four rack-mounting screws (not provided).

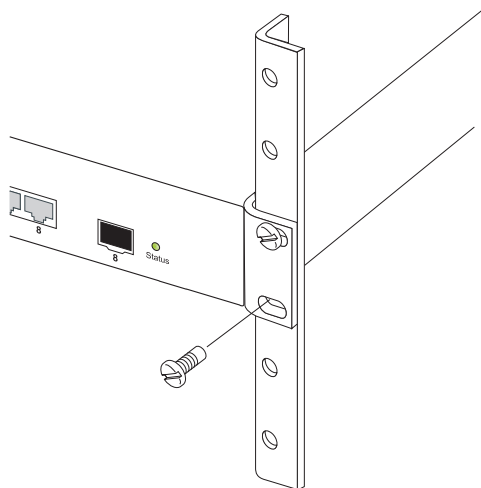


Figure 3-3 Installing the Switch in a Rack

3. If installing a single switch only, turn to “Connecting to a Power Source” at the end of this chapter.
4. If installing multiple switches, mount them in the rack, one below the other, in any order.

Desktop or Shelf Mounting

1. Attach the four adhesive feet to the bottom of the first switch.

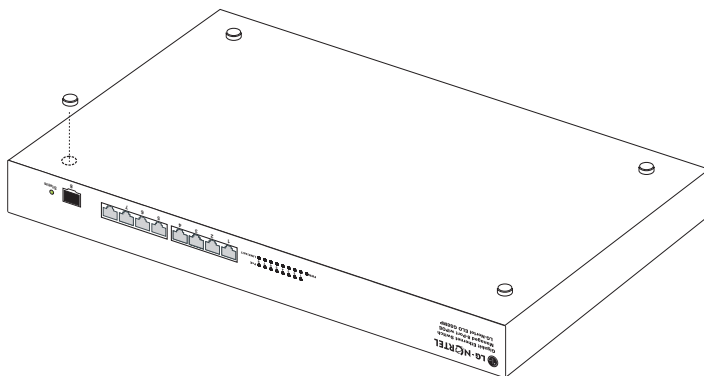


Figure 3-4 Attaching the Adhesive Feet

2. Set the device on a flat surface near an AC power source, making sure there are at least two inches of space on all sides for proper air flow.
3. If installing a single switch only, go to “Connecting to a Power Source” at the end of this chapter.
4. If installing multiple switches, attach four adhesive feet to each one. Place each device squarely on top of the one below, in any order.

Installing an Optional SFP Transceiver

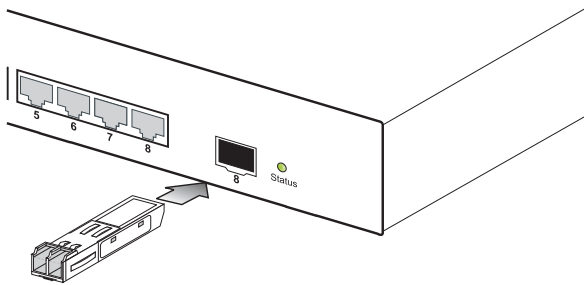


Figure 3-5 Inserting an SFP Transceiver into a Slot

The switch supports the following optional transceivers:

- 1000BASE-SX
- 1000BASE-LX
- 1000BASE-LH

To install an SFP transceiver, do the following:

1. Consider network and cabling requirements to select an appropriate transceiver type. Refer to “Connectivity Rules” on page 4-6.
2. Insert the transceiver with the optical connector facing outward and the slot connector facing down. Note that SFP transceivers are keyed so they can only be installed in one orientation.
3. Slide the transceiver into the slot until it clicks into place.

Note: SFP transceivers are hot-swappable. The switch does not need to be powered off before installing or removing a transceiver. However, always first disconnect the network cable before removing a transceiver.

Note: SFP transceivers are not provided in the switch package.

Connecting to a Power Source

To connect a device to a power source:

1. Insert the power cable plug directly into the socket located at the back of the device.

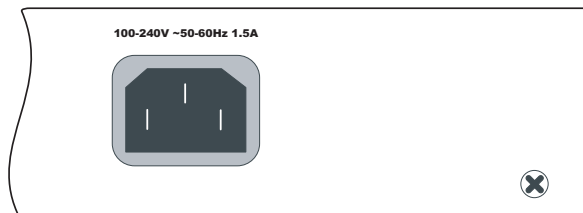


Figure 3-6 Power Socket

2. Plug the other end of the cable into a grounded, three-pin, AC power source.
Note: For international use, you may need to change the AC line cord. You must use a line cord set that has been approved for the socket type in your country.
3. Check the front-panel LEDs as the device is powered on to be sure the Power LED is on. If not, check that the power cable is correctly plugged in.

Chapter 4: Making Network Connections

Connecting Network Devices

The switch units are designed to interconnect multiple segments (or collision domains). It can be connected to network cards in PCs and servers, as well as to hubs, switches or routers. It may also be connected to devices using optional SFP transceivers.

If 802.3af-compliant PoE devices are connected to the switch's 10/100 Mbps ports, the switch automatically supplies the required power.

Twisted-Pair Devices

Each device requires an unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) cable with RJ-45 connectors at both ends. Use Category 5, 5e or 6 cable for 1000BASE-T connections, Category 5 or better for 100BASE-TX connections, and Category 3 or better for 10BASE-T connections.

Power-over-Ethernet Connections

The switch automatically detects an 802.3af-compliant device by its authenticated PoE signature and senses its required load before turning on DC power to the port. This detection mechanism prevents damage to other network equipment that is not 802.3af compliant.

Note: Power-over-Ethernet connections work with all existing Category 3, 4, 5, 5e or 6 network cabling, including patch cables and patch-panels, outlets, and other connecting hardware, without requiring modification.

The switch delivers power to a device using wire pairs in the connecting Ethernet cable. The switch can provide up to 15.4 W of power continuously on each 10/100 Mbps port. However, taking into account some power loss over the cable run, the amount of power that can be delivered to a terminal device is 12.95 W. If a device draws more than 15.4 W, from a port, an overload condition occurs and the port turns off the power.

The switch controls the power and data on a port independently. Power can be requested from a device that already has a data link to the switch. Also, the switch can supply power to a device even if the port's data connection has been disabled. The power on a port is continuously monitored by the switch and it will be turned off as soon as a device connection is removed.

Cabling Guidelines

The RJ-45 ports on the switch support automatic MDI/MDI-X pinout configuration, so you can use standard straight-through twisted-pair cables to connect to any other network device (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs).

See Appendix B: for further information on cabling.



Caution: Do not plug a phone jack connector into an RJ-45 port. This will damage the switch. Use only twisted-pair cables with RJ-45 connectors that conform to FCC standards.

Connecting to PCs, Servers, Hubs and Switches

1. Attach one end of a twisted-pair cable segment to the device's RJ-45 connector.

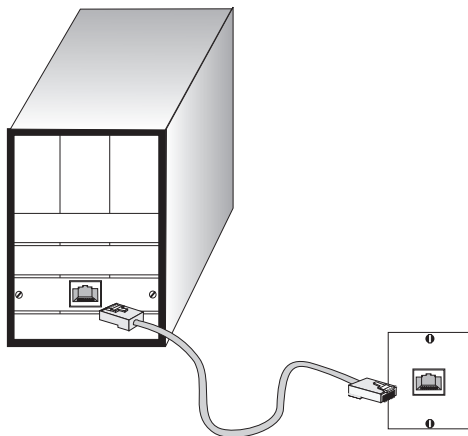


Figure 4-1 Making Twisted-Pair Connections

2. If the device is a PC card and the switch is in the wiring closet, attach the other end of the cable segment to a modular wall outlet that is connected to the wiring closet. (See “Network Wiring Connections” on page 4-3.) Otherwise, attach the other end to an available port on the switch.

Make sure each twisted pair cable does not exceed 100 meters (328 ft) in length.

3. As each connection is made, the Link LED (on the switch) corresponding to each port turns on to indicate that the connection is valid.

